(*f*) The provision for opening a Laboratory in connection with the Educational Museum about to be located in the Oriental Library Hall so that it may be utilized for popular scientific lectures by qualified men.

(*g*) The formation of a Free Library in the City of Mysore.

[NOTE.—The Education Secretary pointed out that whereas less than one per cent of State Revenue was being spent on Education in British India, the proportion was about 2½ per cent in Mysore.]

Dewan's reply.—All these matters shall receive attention in due course.

MYSORE MUNICIPALITY.

Subject No. 381.
Sanitary works, &c., for Mysore City.

Summary of discussion.—Much has been done for the Mysore City in the matter of sanitary works and improvement. But much still remains to be done. There are some parts of the town which are over-crowded and insanitary and which require opening out, *Bellikattige Missal*, *Tupaki bithi*, &c. A comprehensive Drainage scheme has also to be carried out for the Town. All this would cost a great deal and to do it all out of the limited income of the Municipality would take a very long time.. It would therefore be a great help to the Municipality, if Government lend the necessary funds and have the works carried out early.

Dewan's reply.—Any application from the Municipal Board for a loan with reasonable proposals for repayment will receive every consideration from Government.

Subject No. 382.
Election of Municipal Members in Mysore.

Summary of discussion.—The number of merchants on the Mysore Municipal Board should be increased. Half the number of members of every Municipal Board should consist of respectable merchants, land-holders and house-owners.

[NOTE.—The Deputy Commissioner remarked that as the Rate-payers in Mysore City had the right of election, it rested with them to elect whomsoever they required. He had been trying to remedy the inequality caused in the last elections].

At present there are only five merchants on the Mysore City Municipal Board. It is true that the privilege of electing the Municipal Commissioners has been granted to Rate-payers. But very few merchants are elected. Where the results of elections do not furnish proportionate representation of all classes of the community, Government should correct the inequality in the course of its own nominations by supplying the deficiencies.

Dewan's reply.—This is being done as far as possible. But it is the electors that should be chiefly looked to.